

CLASS XII SAMPLE PAPER MATHS

RELATION AND FUNCTION - 1

(Answer ALL questions)

- 1)
- a) |A| = m, |B| = n
 No of relations from A to B = ?
 No of functions from A to B = ?
 No of one one functions from A to B = ? (for m<n and m>n)
- 2) Show that $a \equiv b \pmod{5}$ is equivalence relation, find its equivalence classes.
- 3) R defined on N×N such that $(a, b)R(c, d) \Leftrightarrow ad = bc$. Prove that R is an equivalence relation, also find the equivalence class for (2,3).
- 4) Prove that intersection of two equivalence relations is also an equivalence relation on A.

OR

Find the domain and range of $f: R \rightarrow R$. (Any two)

- a) $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2-1}$.
- b) f(x) = Sinx.
- c) $f(x) = 1 / (x^2 + 1)$.
- Test the following functions for Surjectivity, Injectivity or Bijectivity. (Any two)
 - a) $f(x) = x^2 + x$, $f:Z \rightarrow Z$.
 - b) f(x) = Sinx, $f: R \rightarrow R$
 - c) f(x) = |x 1|, $f: R \rightarrow R$

OR

If f and g are two functions from R to R, $f(x) = x^2$, g(x) = 2x + 1, Find fog and gof. Is fog = fog. Find the domain and range of fog and gof.

<u>CBSE Sample Papers</u> | <u>CBSE Guess Papers</u> | <u>CBSE Practice Papers</u> | <u>Important Questions</u> | <u>CBSE PSA</u> | <u>CBSE OTBA</u> | <u>Proficiency Test</u> | <u>10 Years Question Bank</u> | <u>CBSE Guide</u> | <u>CBSE Syllabus</u> | <u>Indian Tutors</u> | <u>Teacher' Jobs</u> <u>CBSE eBooks</u> | <u>Schools</u> | <u>Alumni</u> | <u>CBSE Results</u> | <u>CBSE Datesheet</u> | <u>CBSE News</u>



- 6) Let $f:X \rightarrow Y$ and $g:Y \rightarrow Z$ are bijections. Show that (gof): $X \rightarrow Z$ is also bijection. Also show that (gof) $^{-1} = f ^{-1} og ^{-1}$.
- 7) Find the domain and range of f(x). (Any two)

(a)
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1}$$
 (b) $f(x) = \frac{|x - 3|}{(x - 3)}$ (c) $f(x) = \sqrt{16 - x^2}$ (d) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x - [x]}}$

- 8) $f(x) = e^x$, $g(x) = Log_e x$, (x > 0), then find fog and gof. If fog = gof?
- 9) State whether the following function f(x) is invertible?

$$f: R - \{-1\} \to R - \{-1\}$$
 where $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$. Also find f^{-1} .

10) Prove that every function can be expressed as sum of even and odd function. Split $y = e^x$ into sum of odd and even function.

Ranjan Kumar Mohapatra e-mail: <u>mahapatra.ranjan@rediffmail.com</u> mobile: 9437534728

<u>CBSE Sample Papers</u> | <u>CBSE Guess Papers</u> | <u>CBSE Practice Papers</u> | <u>Important Questions</u> | <u>CBSE PSA</u> | <u>CBSE OTBA</u> | <u>Proficiency Test</u> | <u>10 Years Question Bank</u> | <u>CBSE Guide</u> | <u>CBSE Syllabus</u> | <u>Indian Tutors</u> | <u>Teacher' Jobs</u> <u>CBSE eBooks</u> | <u>Schools</u> | <u>Alumni</u> | <u>CBSE Results</u> | <u>CBSE Datesheet</u> | <u>CBSE News</u>